		CBCS SCHEME
	USN	18MBAFM306
		Third Semester MBA Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2021
		Project Appraisal Planning and Control
		Project Appraisal Flamming and Control
On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.	Tin	ne: 3 hrs. Max. Marks:100
alpra		
as m		Note: 1. Answer any Four questions from Q.No. 1 to Q.No. 7.
ated		 Question No. 8 is compulsory. Interest factor / PV tables permitted.
es. De tre		5. Therest juctor / 1 / tubles permitted
On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, $42+8 = 50$, will be	1	a. Differentiate between Capital project and Revenue project. (03 Marks)
lank 50, v		b. Briefly explain the rational for SCBA. (07 Marks)
ing b -8 =		c. Discuss the pre – requisites for Project Implementation. (10 Marks)
naini , 42+	2	a. What is SCBA Analysis? (03 Marks)
e rer n eg	-	b. Discuss the HR aspects considered in Project Management. (07 Marks)
in th ritte		c. Alpha Ltd is considering 2 machine A & B. Both the machines serve the same purpose.
nes c ns w		Machine 'A' a standard model cost Rs 75000 and last for 5 years. Its annual operating cost
ss li uatio		will be Rs 12000. Machine 'B', an economy model cost Rs 50,000 but last for only 3 years. Its annual operating cost will be Rs 25,000. How should Alpha Ltd choose between the
l cro r eq		2 machines? [Assume a discount rate of 12%]. (10 Marks)
gona nd /c		
v dia tor a	3	a. What are the steps involved in Sensitivity Analysis? (03 Marks)
drav alua		b. A firm is evaluating 9 investment opportunities. Project 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
orily to ev		Indject 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 NPV 14 17 17 15 40 12 14 10 12
pulse		CF ₁₁ 12 54 6 6 30 6 48 36 18
com 1, ap		$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
vers, ation		Budget available to the firm is limited to 50 in year 1 & 20 in year 2. Develop a linear
ansv ntific		programming model.(07 Marks)c. What are the postures associated with SPACE approach?(10 Marks)
your f ider		
ng o	4	a. What is Abandonment Analysis? (03 Marks)
nplet veali		b. Discuss the mistakes commonly committed in applying DCF analysis. (07 Marks)
n con ly re		c. Explain the 5 stages of appraisal in the UNIDO approach. (10 Marks)
1. Ot 2. An	5	a. Mention the steps involved in Project rating index. (03 Marks)
te : 1		b. What is Risk? Explain its types. (07 Marks)
t No		c. India Pharma Ltd is considering a project to build a plant in the US. The project will entail
ortan		outlay of US \$ 100 million and is expected to generate the following cash flows over its 4 years life.
Important Note : 1. 2.		Year 1 2 3 4
		Cash flow (in million) \$ 30 \$ 40 \$ 50 \$ 60
		The current spot exchange rate is Rs 45 per US \$. The risk free rate in India is 11% and the
		risk free rate in the US is 6%. India Pharma required rupee return on a project of this kind is 15%. Calculate : i) NPV of the project using home currency approach. (10 Marks)
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- a. What Organisational considerations should be considered for capital budgeting? (03 Marks) 6 (07 Marks)
 - b. What are the sources of positive NPV? Explain
 - c. Briefly evaluate the administrative aspects of Capital budgeting.
- What do you mean by Agency problem? 7 a.
 - b. Differentiate between Strategic planning and financial analysis.
 - c. From the following information, calculate NPV*:

Year	0		2	. 3	4	5	
Cash flows	135000 4	18000	55000	67000	70000	73000	
	0	C 100/	1.1		1 1	C 100/	A 1

Company will reinvest @ a rate of 12% with a cost of capital of 10%. Also write your suggestion for the acceptance of the project. (10 Marks)

Case Study (Compulsory) 8

The Balance sheet of XYZ Ltd @ the end of year 'n' is as follows :

ŵ	Liabilities	Amt	Assets	Amt		
\sum	Share capital	50	Fixed assets	110		
	Reserves & Surplus	40	Investments	5		
	Secured loans	40	Current Assets :			
	Unsecured loans	30	Cash	10		
	Current liabilities	60	Receivables	40	\rightarrow	
	Provisions	10	Inventory	65	~	
	Total	230	Total	230	\bigcirc	

The projected income statement and the statement of distribution of earnings is given below :

	(F	Rs in Lakhs	5)
		Amount	n.,
GY	Sales	250	
~	Cost of goods sold	190	
A The second sec	Depreciation	15	
	Earnings before interest & tax	45	
) ^Y	Interest	12	
1	Profit before tax	33	
•	Tax	18	
	Profit after tax	15	
	Dividends /	10	
	Retained earnings	5	
		0	10

During the year n+1 the firm plans to raise a secured loans of Rs 10 lakhs, repay a previous term load to the extent of Rs 5 lakhs. Current liabilities and provisions would increase by 5%. Further, the firm plans to acquire fixed asset worth Rs 1.5 lakh and raise its inventories by Rs 5 lakhs. Receivables are expected to increase by 5%. The level of cash would be the balancing amount in the projected balance sheet.

Given the above information prepare :

- a. Projected sources and uses of fund statement.
- b. Projected balance sheet.

(10 Marks) (10 Marks)

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(03 Marks) (07 Marks)

(10 Marks)